

- 1 13 December 2018
- 2 EMA/CHMP/802491/2018
- 3 Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP)
- 4 Ezetimibe tablet 10 mg product-specific bioequivalence
- 5 guidance
- 6 Draft

Draft Agreed by Pharmacokinetics Working Party (PKWP)	October 2018
Adopted by CHMP for release for consultation	13 December 2018
Start of public consultation	21 December 2018
End of consultation (deadline for comments)	30 June 2019

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Comments should be provided using this <u>template</u>. The completed comments form should be sent to <u>PKWP@ema.europa.eu</u>

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Keywords	Bioequivalence, generics, ezetimibe	
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12 13	Ezetimibe tablet 10 mg product-specific bioequivalence guidance			
14	<u>Disclaimer</u> :			
15 16	This guidance should not be understood as being legally enforceable and is without prejudice to the need to ensure that the data submitted in support of a marketing authorisation application complies with the appropriate scientific, regulatory and legal requirements.			
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18	B. Requirements for bioequivalence demonstration (PKWP)*			
	BCS Classification**	BCS Class: I III Neither of the two Background: Ezetimibe is almost insoluble in aqueous medium.		
	Bioequivalence study design in case a BCS biowaiver is not feasible or applied	single dose cross-over healthy volunteers I fasting		

Strength: 10 mg

Background: Only one strength available.

	Number of studies: One
Analyte	☐ parent ☐ metabolite ☒ both
	Background: Ezetimibe undergoes extensive pre-systemic metabolism; ezetimibe-glucuronide is the major active metabolite. Because of extensive hepatic recirculation, the exposure to ezetimibe is less representative to evaluate absorption.
	□ plasma/serum □ blood □ urine
	Enantioselective analytical method: ☐ yes ☒ no
Bioequivalence assessment	Main pharmacokinetic variables: AUC _{0-72h} , C _{max}
	Background/justification: On total (parent + glucuronide metabolite together)
	90% confidence interval: 80.00– 125.00%

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^{*} As intra-subject variability of the reference product has not been reviewed to elaborate this product-specific bioequivalence guideline, it is not possible to recommend at this stage the use of a replicate design to demonstrate high intra-subject variability and widen the acceptance range of C_{max} . If high intra-individual variability ($CV_{intra} > 30$ %) is expected, the applicants might follow respective guideline recommendations.