|  |
| --- |
| Notice of final decisions to amend (or not amend) the current Poisons Standard |
| 22 April 2021 |

Copyright

© Commonwealth of Australia 2021  
This work is copyright. You may reproduce the whole or part of this work in unaltered form for your own personal use or, if you are part of an organisation, for internal use within your organisation, but only if you or your organisation do not use the reproduction for any commercial purpose and retain this copyright notice and all disclaimer notices as part of that reproduction. Apart from rights to use as permitted by the *Copyright Act 1968* or allowed by this copyright notice, all other rights are reserved and you are not allowed to reproduce the whole or any part of this work in any way (electronic or otherwise) without first being given specific written permission from the Commonwealth to do so. Requests and inquiries concerning reproduction and rights are to be sent to the TGA Copyright Officer, Therapeutic Goods Administration, PO Box 100, Woden ACT 2606 or emailed to <[tga.copyright@tga.gov.au](mailto:tga.copyright@tga.gov.au)>.

Contents

[1 Notice of final decisions to amend (or not amend) the current Poisons Standard 4](#_Toc69977411)

[2 Final decision in relation to psilocybin and MDMA [N, α-Dimethyl-3,4-(methylenedioxy)phenylethylamine] 4](#_Toc69977412)

[3 Final decisions on proposed amendments referred to the Advisory Committee on Medicines Scheduling (ACMS #32, November 2020) 5](#_Toc69977413)

[3.1 Final decision in relation to amygdalin and hydrocyanic acid 5](#_Toc69977414)

[3.2 Final decision in relation to bilastine 6](#_Toc69977415)

[3.3 Final decision in relation to budesonide and formoterol 7](#_Toc69977416)

[4 Final decisions on proposed amendments referred to the Advisory Committee on Chemicals Scheduling (ACCS #29, November 2020) 8](#_Toc69977417)

[4.1 Final decision in relation to azoxystrobin 8](#_Toc69977418)

[4.2 Final decision in relation to triticonazole 9](#_Toc69977419)

[5 Final decisions on proposed amendments referred to the Advisory Committee on Medicines and Chemicals Scheduling in joint session (Joint ACMS-ACCS #26, November 2020) 10](#_Toc69977420)

[5.1 Final decision in relation to azelaic acid 10](#_Toc69977421)

[5.2 Final decision in relation to 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate (2-HEMA) 11](#_Toc69977422)

[5.3 Final decision in relation to magnesium hydroxide 13](#_Toc69977423)

[5.4 Final decision in relation to tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 14](#_Toc69977424)

[5.5 Final decision in relation to cannabidiol (private application) 15](#_Toc69977425)

## Notice of final decisions to amend (or not amend) the current Poisons Standard

This web publication constitutes a notice for the purposes of regulation 42ZCZS and regulation 42ZCZX of the *Therapeutic Goods Regulations 1990* (the **Regulations**). In accordance with regulations 42ZCZS and 42ZCZX, this notice publishes the:

* decisions made by a delegate of the Secretary pursuant to regulations 42ZCZR and 42ZCZU;
* reasons for those final decisions; and
* date of effect of those decisions.

## Final decision in relation to psilocybin and MDMA [N, α-Dimethyl-3,4-(methylenedioxy)phenylethylamine]

Note that the final decision for [psilocybin and MDMA](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) [N, α-Dimethyl-3,4-(methylenedioxy)phenylethylamine] are [not published in this notice.](https://www.tga.gov.au/update-psilocybin-and-mdma-scheduling)

Amended timing on the scheduling process for these substances will be published on the TGA website following the completion of the independent review.

## Final decisions on proposed amendments referred to the Advisory Committee on Medicines Scheduling (ACMS #32, November 2020)

### Final decision in relation to amygdalin and hydrocyanic acid

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed an amendment to move amygdalin as a natural component in Traditional Chinese Medicines (TCM) for oral use in adults from Schedule 10 to Schedule 4; exempt amygdalin from scheduling when the maximum recommended daily dose is ≤5 mg amygdalin; and exempt from scheduling hydrocyanic acid for therapeutic use when present as a natural component of amygdalin in TCM for oral use in adults

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and not amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to amygdalin and hydrocyanic acid.

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The application to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to amygdalin and hydrocyanic acid;
* The 129 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), including two written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Medicines Scheduling (ACMS #32);
* The 154 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), including 15 written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of a substance; and (e) the potential for abuse of a substance;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018);
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard); and
* An external [expert evaluation](https://www.tga.gov.au/sites/default/files/evaluation-report-amygdalin-hydrocyanic-acid.pdf) of the private application.

##### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to not amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to amygdalin and hydrocyanic acid. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations.

I note that that 14 of 15 written public submissions were opposed to the interim decision, and that a majority of these submissions came from registered Chinese Medicine (CM) practitioners. Several respondents advised that the amount of toxic amygdalin and cyanogenic glycosides is reduced to a safe level after processing by qualified practitioners. However, as with any substance, the proposed Poison Standard entry relates to the amount of amygdalin in the final product and so my concerns regarding safety remain pertinent. I also reiterate that a CM practitioner, unless also registered as a medical practitioner, does not have the authority to prescribe Schedule 4 medicines.

The interim submissions additionally outline that the diversion of amygdalin as a cancer treatment is not within the uses prescribed through CM practitioners and that access to amygdalin-containing food products is not within the scope of scheduling decisions. Although, I am aware that cancer treatment is not among the indications suggested by TCM, I remain wary of the long history of diversion – especially given the lack of evidence for therapeutic benefit. I also note that chronic use patterns associated with medicines raise a unique set of risks that do not necessarily relate to foods. In light of the public submissions, I remain of the view that products containing even low doses of amygdalin cannot be safely supplied as medicines.

### Final decision in relation to bilastine

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed an amendment to include bilastine in Schedule 2 in preparations for oral use, and Schedule 4 for all other uses.

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to bilastine as follows:

**Schedule 4 - Amend Entry**

BILASTINE

**Schedule 3 - New Entry**

BILASTINE in divided oral preparations containing 20 mg or less in adults and adolescents 12 years of age and older.

**Appendix H – New Entry**

BILASTINE

**Index – Amend Entry**

BILASTINE

Schedule 4   
Schedule 3  
Appendix H

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The [application](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to bilastine;
* The 127 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), including three written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Medicines Scheduling (ACMS #32);
* The 84 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), which included no written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; and (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of a substance.
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

##### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to bilastine. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations. I note that no written public submissions were received in response to the interim decision.

#### Implementation date

**1 June 2021**

### Final decision in relation to budesonide and formoterol

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed an amendment to move budesonide and formoterol from Schedule 4 to Schedule 3 when combined in an inhaler, for use as an anti-inflammatory reliever in the treatment of medically diagnosed asthma.

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and not amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to budesonide and formoterol.

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The application to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to budesonide and formoterol;
* The 138 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), including 12 written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Medicines Scheduling (ACMS #32);
* The 88 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), including two written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of the substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of the substance; (c) the toxicity of the substance; (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of the substance; (e) the potential for abuse of the substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018);
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard); and
* The Australian Asthma [Handbook](https://www.asthmahandbook.org.au/).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to not amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to budesonide and formoterol. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations.

I note that two written submissions were received, both opposing the interim decision. These argued that the product would deliver better patient outcomes compared to over the counter use of short acting beta agonists. The submissions also noted that pharmacists are already familiar with the medicine, and can ensure patient safety in conjunction with Appendix M criteria. In light of these points, and taking into consideration the restrictions proposed for the Appendix M entry, I remain of the view that the potential benefits for inclusion in Appendix M are outweighed by the risks of inappropriate use of the substance.

While the two written post-meeting submissions opposed the interim decision, the majority of pre-meeting public submissions did not support the proposed rescheduling – including responses from several asthma peak representative bodies. Taking into consideration all submissions received, I remain of the view that the risks, and need for medical practitioner oversight, significantly outweigh the benefits of increased access.

## Final decisions on proposed amendments referred to the Advisory Committee on Chemicals Scheduling (ACCS #29, November 2020)

### Final decision in relation to azoxystrobin

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed an amendment to exempt azoxystrobin from scheduling in preparations with a concentration of 10% or less. Azoxystrobin is currently in Schedule 5.

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and not amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to azoxystrobin.

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The application to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to azoxystrobin;
* The 124 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), which included no written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Chemicals Scheduling (ACCS #29);
* The 75 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), which included no written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of a substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to not amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to azoxystrobin. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations. I note that no written public submissions were received in response to the interim decision.

### Final decision in relation to triticonazole

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed an amendment to exempt triticonazole from scheduling in preparations with a concentration of 20% or less. Triticonazole is currently in Schedule 5.

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and not amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to triticonazole.

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The application to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to triticonazole;
* The 124 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), which included no written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Chemicals Scheduling (ACCS #29);
* The 77 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), which included no written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of a substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to not amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to triticonazole. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations. I note that no written public submissions were received in response to the interim decision.

## Final decisions on proposed amendments referred to the Advisory Committee on Medicines and Chemicals Scheduling in joint session (Joint ACMS-ACCS #26, November 2020)

### Final decision in relation to azelaic acid

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed amendments to the scheduling of azelaic acid with the intent that it is down-scheduled to general sales level (unscheduled) in topical preparations with a concentration of 10% or less. The proposal would also create a new Schedule 5 entry for all therapeutic and cosmetic preparations with a concentration greater than 10%. Azelaic acid is currently unscheduled for preparations with less than 1% for non-human use. Dermal preparations are in Schedule 2 (pharmacy only) and the remainder of products are in Schedule 4 (prescription only).

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and not amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to azelaic acid.

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The [application](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to azelaic acid;
* The 129 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), including seven written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Advisory Committee on Medicines and Chemicals Scheduling in joint session (Joint ACMS-ACCS #26);
* The 91 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), including one written submission, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to not amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to azelaic acid. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations.

I note that one written public submission was received, from Accord Australasia, which was partially supportive of the interim decision. The submission highlighted that cosmetic azelaic acid products have fewer restrictions in comparable overseas markets, such as the EU, US and New Zealand, and that the view expressed in the submission was that Australia should harmonise its scheduling controls with these countries. This scheduling decision does not preclude future applications to harmonise scheduling controls. However, the current application did not include sufficient supporting evidence to warrant rescheduling at this time.

### Final decision in relation to 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate (2-HEMA)

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed an amendment to the Schedule 5 entry for 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate to exempt concentrations of 1% or less from scheduling.

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate as follows:

**Schedule 5 – Amend entry**

2-HYDROXYETHYL METHACRYLATE **except:**

1. when included in dental restorative preparations for therapeutic use; or
2. in nail preparations when labelled “Avoid contact with skin”; or
3. in other preparations containing 0.1 per cent or less of 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate when labelled “Avoid contact with skin”.

**Appendix E, Part 2**

| **POISON** | **STANDARD STATEMENTS** |
| --- | --- |
| 2-HYDROXYETHYL METHACRYLATE | **A** (For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor (at once)). **E1** (If in eyes wash out immediately with water.), **S1** (If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.) |

**Appendix F, Part 3**

| **POISON** | **WARNING STATEMENTS** | **SAFETY DIRECTION** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2-HYDROXYETHYL METHACRYLATE | **28** ((Over) (Repeated) exposure may cause sensitisation) | **4** (Avoid contact with skin.) |

**Index**

2-HYDROXYETHYL METHACRYLATE

Schedule 5   
Appendix E, Part 2  
Appendix F, Part 3

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The application to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate;
* The 122 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), which included no written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Advisory Committee on Medicines and Chemicals Scheduling in joint session (Joint ACMS-ACCS #26);
* The 82 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), which included no written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of a substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations. I note that no written public submissions were received in response to the interim decision.

#### Implementation date

**1 June 2021.**

### Final decision in relation to magnesium hydroxide

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed a new entry for magnesium hydroxide in Appendix B (substances considered not requiring control by scheduling).

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to magnesium hydroxide as follows:

**Appendix B, Part 3 – New Entry**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| SUBSTANCE | REASON FOR LISTING | AREA OF USE |
| MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE | A (Low toxicity) | 7.1 |

**INDEX – New Entry**

**MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE**

Appendix B, Part 3

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The [application](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to magnesium hydroxide;
* The 123 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), including one written submission, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Advisory Committee on Medicines and Chemicals Scheduling in joint session (Joint ACMS-ACCS #26);
* The 89 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), including one written submission, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to magnesium hydroxide. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations. I note that one written public submission was received, from Accord Australasia, which was supportive of the interim decision.

#### Implementation date

**1 June 2021**

### Final decision in relation to tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed a new Schedule 6 entry for tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol, excluding its derivatives.

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol as follows:

**Schedule 6 – New Entry**

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ALCOHOL, excluding its derivatives.

**Index**

**TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ALCOHOL, excluding its derivatives.**

Schedule 6

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The application to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to THFA;
* The 122 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), which included no written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Advisory Committee on Medicines and Chemicals Scheduling in joint session (Joint ACMS-ACCS #26);
* The 79 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), which included no written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of a substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol. My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations. I note that no written public submissions were received in response to the interim decision.

#### Implementation date

**1 June 2021**

### Final decision in relation to cannabidiol (private application)

#### Proposal

The applicant proposed to amend the Schedule 4 entry for cannabidiol to explicitly capture synthetic and semi-synthetic cannabidiol and to make an explicit 2% limit to any impurities in synthetic cannabidiol.

#### Final decision

Pursuant to regulation 42ZCZR of the Regulations, a Delegate of the Secretary has made a final decision to confirm the interim decision and not amend the current Poisons Standard in relation to cannabidiol.

#### Materials considered

In making this final decision, the Delegate considered the following material:

* The application to amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to cannabidol;
* The 228 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/4159c547/), including 20 written submissions, received in response to the [pre-meeting consultation](https://www.tga.gov.au/consultation-invitation/consultation-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acmsaccs-meetings-november-2020) under regulation 42ZCZK of the Regulations;
* The advice received from the Advisory Committee on Medicines and Chemicals Scheduling in joint session (Joint ACMS-ACCS #26);
* The 238 [public submissions](https://consultations.health.gov.au/tga/november_2020_interim), including 28 written submissions, received in response to the interim decision consultation under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations;
* Subsection 52E(1) of *the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*, in particular (a) the risks and benefits of the use of a substance; (b) the purposes for which a substance is to be used and the extent of use of a substance; (c) the toxicity of a substance; (d) the dosage, formulation, labelling, packaging and presentation of a substance; (e) the potential for abuse of the substance; and (f) any other matters considered necessary to protect public health;
* The Australian Health Ministers’ Advisory Council’s [Scheduling Policy Framework](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/ahmac-scheduling-policy-framework-medicines-and-chemicals) (SPF 2018); and
* The [Scheduling handbook: Guidance for amending the Poisons Standard](https://www.tga.gov.au/publication/scheduling-handbook-guidance-amending-poisons-standard).

#### Reasons for the final decision (including findings on material questions of fact)

I have made a final decision to confirm my [interim decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-interim/notice-interim-decisions-proposed-amendments-poisons-standard-acms-accs-and-joint-acms-accs-meetings-november-2020) to not amend the current Poisons Standard with respect to cannabidiol (CBD). My reasons for making the final decision are those set out in the interim decision. In making my final decision, I have taken into account the material detailed in the interim decision and the responses received after the second call for public submissions, published on 3 February 2021 under regulation 42ZCZP of the Regulations.

I note that that 27 of 28 written public submissions were opposed to the interim decision. Respondents advised that there is a general need for increased access to CBD, often citing personal experience of safe and efficacious use. These submissions did not directly relate to the scope of the current proposal, the intention of which was to include an explicit reference for synthetic CBD in the Schedule 4 CBD entry. With regard to increased access, I refer respondents to my [recent decision](https://www.tga.gov.au/scheduling-decision-final/notice-final-decision-amend-or-not-amend-current-poisons-standard-cannabidiol) on non-prescription access to CBD.

With respect to this proposal, I remain of the view expressed in my interim decision that whilst not explicitly stated in the current Schedule 4 entry, both synthetic and non-synthetic forms of CBD are already captured under this entry. I also considered the need to limit synthetic cannabinoid impurities in Schedule 4 in my interim decision. I still remain of the view that there is no justification for the inclusion of impurities in a synthetically derived CBD product. It is important to prevent presence of synthetic cannabinoids in CBD products as they are potentially of greater potency than naturally occurring cannabinoids and could exert a psychoactive effect at the 2% limit proposed in the application.